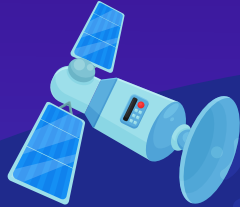


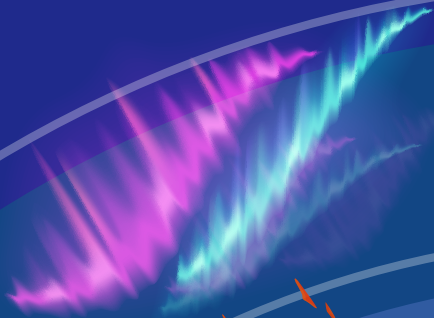
LAYERS OF THE ATMOSPHERE



EXOSPHERE

800-3000 KM

EXOBASE
700 - 1000 KM



THERMOSPHERE

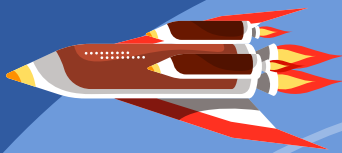
80-90 TO 800 KM

KARMAN LINE
100 KM



MESOSPHERE

40-50 TO 80-90 KM



STRATOSPHERE

11-50 KM

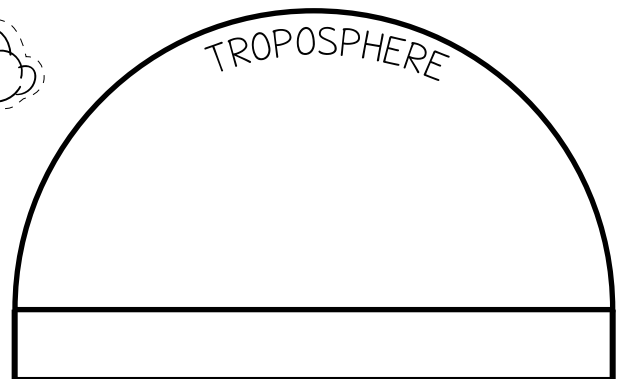
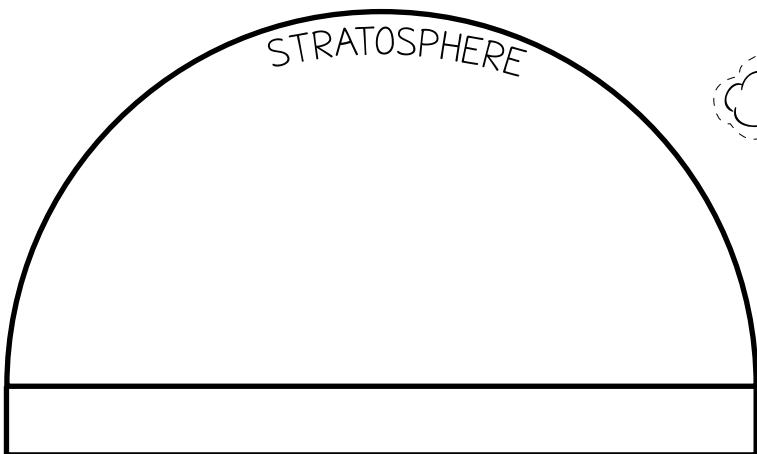
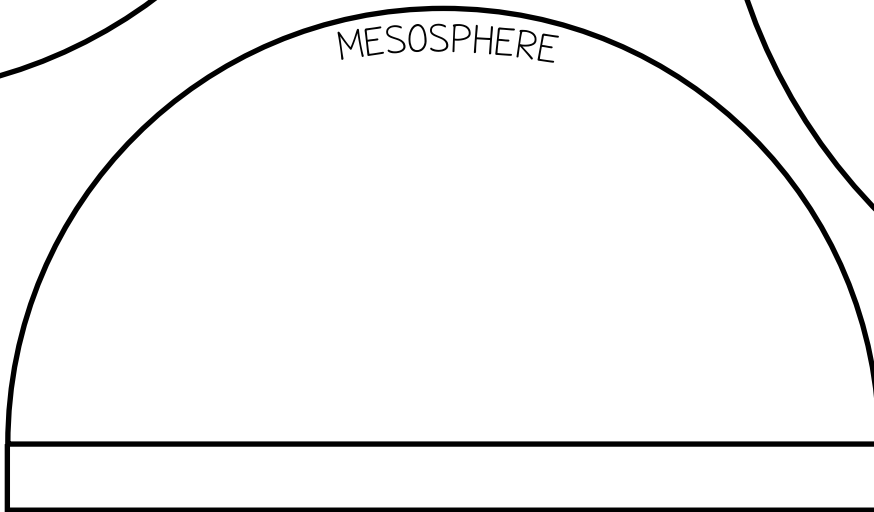
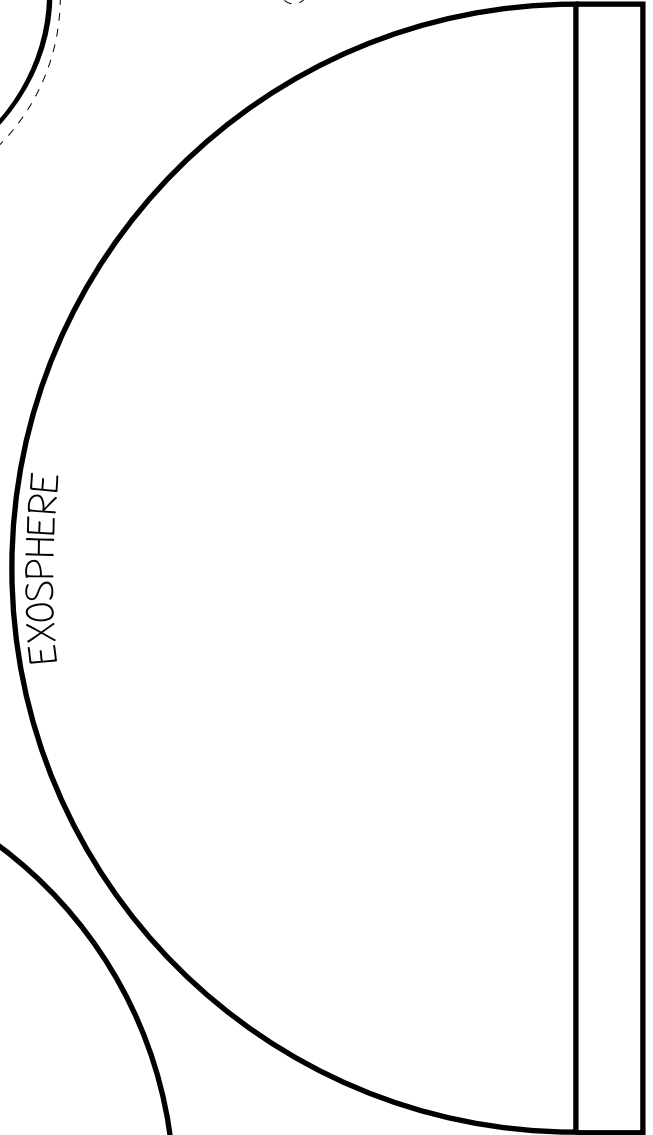
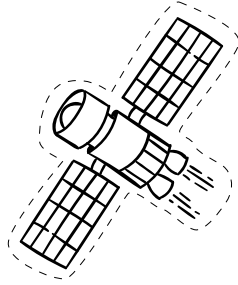
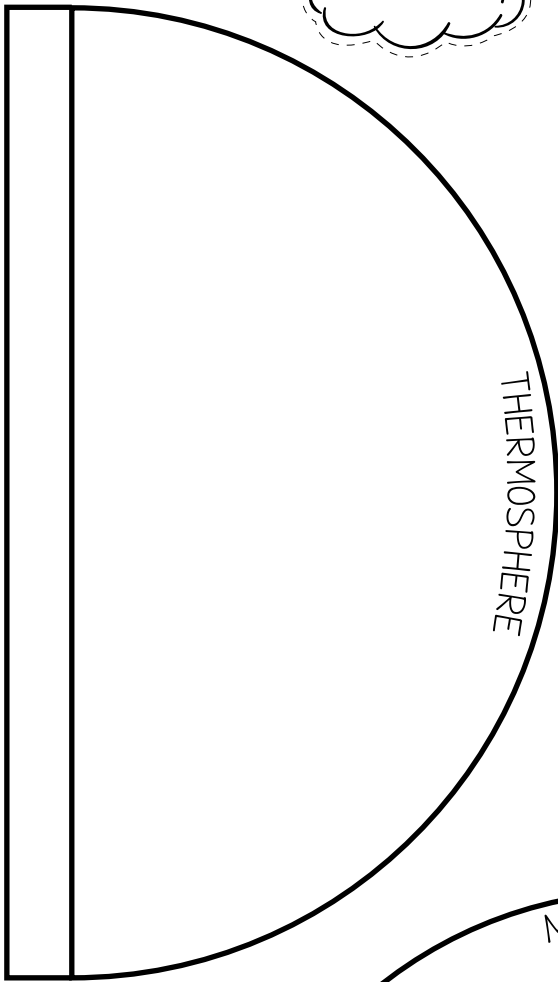
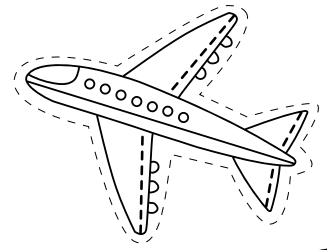
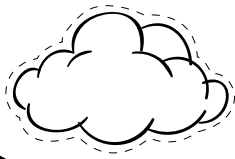
OZONE LAYER
20-30 KM



TROPOSPHERE

0 - 10 KM





THE ATMOSPHERE

Directions: Answer and label the layers of the atmosphere.

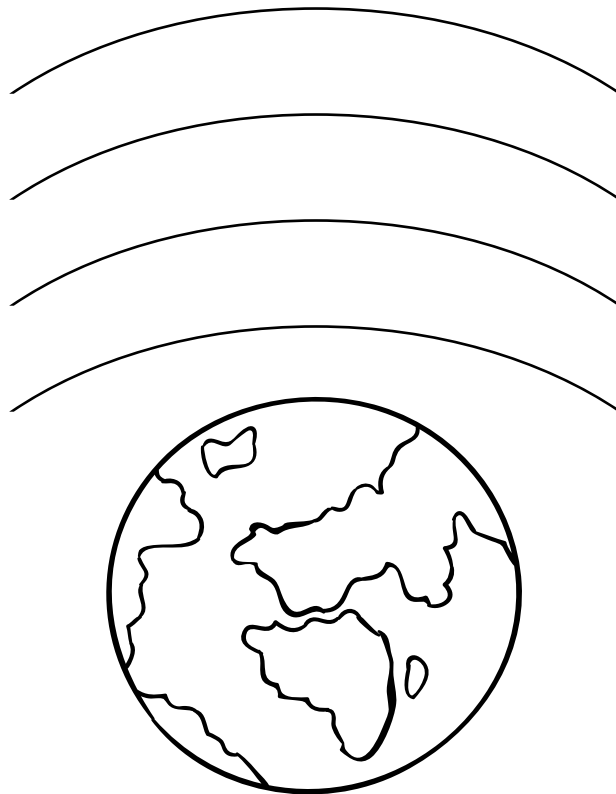
Mesosphere

Troposphere

Thermosphere

Exosphere

Stratosphere



Directions: Match the layer with what happens in it and with the distance from the surface.

Mesosphere •

90 – 500 km •

Airplanes

Thermosphere •

50 km •

Meteors

Troposphere •

50 – 85 km •

Satellites

Exosphere •

800–3000 km •

Auroras

Stratosphere •

0 – 10 km •

Weather

WHAT'S ON YOUR MIND?

On the first box, illustrate the layer of the atmosphere. On the second and third boxes, give the characteristics of the layers of the atmosphere.

Troposphere LAYER			
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stratosphere LAYER			
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MESOSPHERE LAYER			
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Thermosphere LAYER			
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EXOSPHERE LAYER			
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ATMOSPHERE WORDSEARCH

A A F O O T P R I N T B N H J J P A
R G B N R V E E Q E X I U J L K H G
G X C F O X Y G E N A A N N M H O X
O Z O N E A M P O M O Y R Y Y H T Z
N C A A N B B C A D U S T E W L O C
W F Y U I O O P P D V R E M T A S F
A Y B R T K K N N R Y R R M A A Y S
U U V F R A A M E T H A N E H H N T
B N N A O E E T Y A B B A S D N T R
A H H A G J J K K L K H V O V E H A
A A C H E M I C A L S H T S B U E T
A A A A N A W U K D E O D P B T S O
A F E R Y G H J K Q A A M H N R I S
C A R B O N D I O X I D E E Y A S P
B B N N G R R K K L G A A R I L A H
A N B Y R U E R L D G A G E U A A E
A P A R T I C U L A T E G A P O O R
U F R R Q F A W E A T H E R U Y A E

OZONE

PHOTOSYNTHESIS

FOOTPRINT

METHANE

ARGON

CHEMICALS

PARTICULATE

DUST

NEUTRAL

WEATHER

OXYGEN

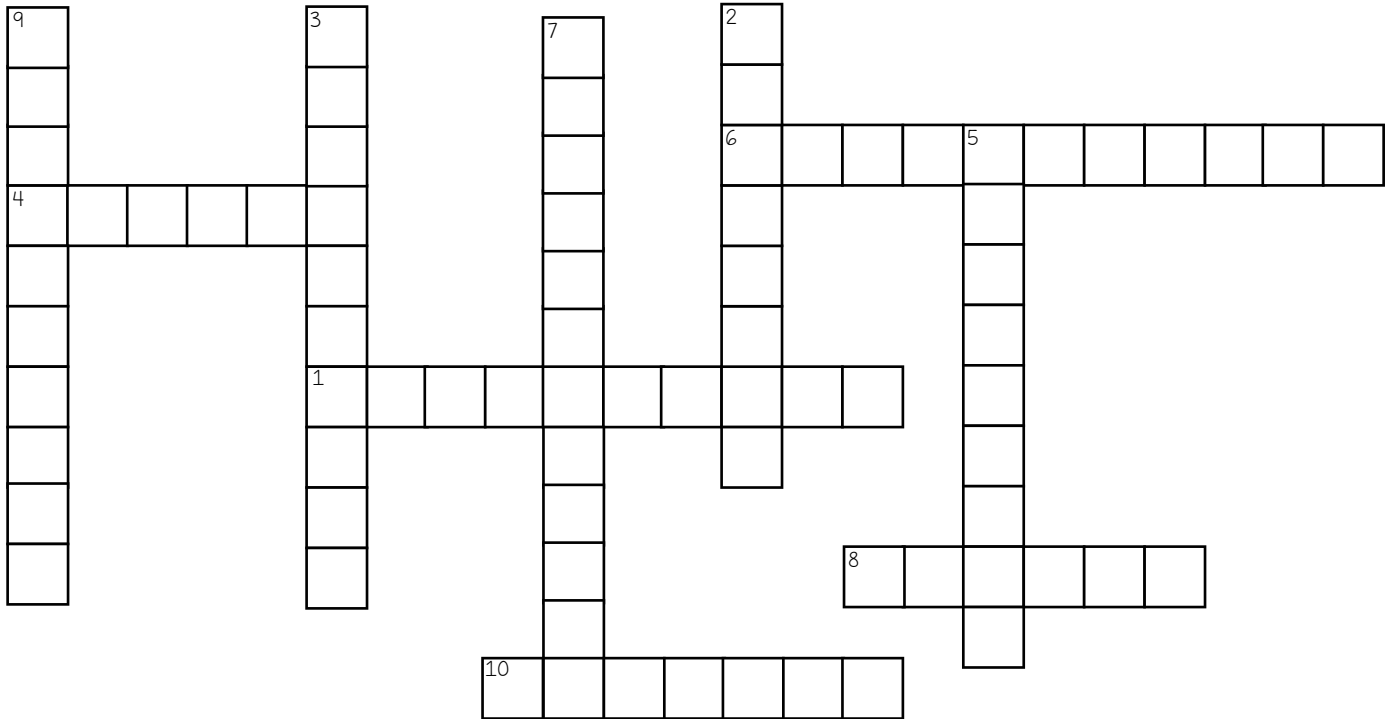
CARBON DIOXIDE

STRATOSPHERE

MESOSPHERE

NITROGEN

ATMOSPHERE CROSSWORD PUZZLE



ACROSS

1. It is composed of about 78% nitrogen, 21% oxygen, and one percent other gases.
4. It is the second most abundant gas in the atmosphere.
6. It is a physical quantity that expresses hot and cold or a measure of the average kinetic energy of the atoms or molecules in the system.
8. It is the result of disturbances in the magnetosphere caused by the solar wind.
10. It is a state of the atmosphere at a particular place during a short period of time. It involves such atmospheric phenomena as temperature, humidity, precipitation, air pressure, wind, and cloud cover.

DOWN

2. It is a common element in the universe, estimated at seventh in total abundance in the Milky Way and the Solar System.
3. It is a layer in the stratosphere which absorbs most of the ultraviolet radiation reaching the earth from the sun.
5. It is a thin, atmosphere-like volume surrounding a planet or natural satellite where molecules are gravitationally bound to that body, but where the density is so low that the molecules are essentially collisionless.
7. It is located above the troposphere and below the mesosphere.
9. It is where Earth's atmosphere meets space.

ALL ABOUT THE ATMOSPHERE

Directions: Fill in the missing words.

1. The Earth is surrounded by a blanket of air called _____.
2. The atmosphere is a mixture of _____.
3. Ozone keeps most of the sun's harmful _____ from reaching the earth.
4. _____, _____, and _____ are the three most abundant elements in the atmosphere.
5. The layer of atmosphere closest to earth is the _____.
6. About three fourths of the atmosphere is _____.
7. The layers of the atmosphere are broken down into _____.
8. _____ is the coldest layer of the atmosphere.
9. The temperature in the troposphere _____ as the altitude increases.
10. The troposphere is the atmospheric layer closest to the planet and contains the _____ of the mass of the total atmosphere.
11. Most atmospheric ozone is concentrated in a layer in the stratosphere, about _____ above the Earth's surface.
12. The closer we get to the ground, the _____ the atmospheric pressure due to the weight of air particles above.